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DATE(S) ISSUED:

11/05/2020

11/13/2020 - UPDATED

SUBJECT:

Multiple Vulnerabilities in Apple Products Could Allow for Arbitrary Code Execution

OVERVIEW:

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in Apple Products. The most severe of these vulnerabilities could allow for arbitrary code execution.

- watchOS is a mobile operating system created & developed by Apple to be utilized by its Apple Watch product line.
- iOS is a mobile operating system created & developed by Apple to be utilized by its mobile devices such as the iPhone.
- iPadOS is a mobile operating system created & developed by Apple to be utilized by its iPad product line.
- macOS is a desktop operating system for Macintosh computers.
- tvOS is an operating system based on iOS developed for AppleTV.

Successful exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could result in arbitrary code execution within the context of the application, an attacker gaining the same privileges as the logged-on user, or the bypassing of security restrictions. Depending on the permission associated with the application running the exploit, an attacker could then install programs; view, change, or delete data.

November 13 - UPDATED OVERVIEW:

• Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in macOS Big Sur. The most severe of these vulnerabilities could allow for arbitrary code execution.

THREAT INTELLIGENCE:

There are reports of the following vulnerabilities currently being actively exploited in the wild:

- CVE-2020-27930: FontParser vulnerability which can enable arbitrary code execution.
- CVE-2020-27950: A memory leak vulnerability in the kernel
- CVE-2020-27932: A type confusion vulnerability that enable for privilege escalation

SYSTEMS AFFECTED:

watchOS versions prior to watchOS 7.1, watchOS 6.2.9, watchOS 5.3.9

- macOS Catalina versions prior to macOS Catalina 10.15.7
- tvOS versions prior to tvOS 14.2
- iOS versions prior to iOS 14.2
- iPadOS versions prior to iOS 14.2

November 13 - UPDATED SYSTEMS AFFECTED:

macOS Big Sur versions prior to macOS Big Sur 11.0.1

RISK:

Government:

• Large and medium government entities: High

• Small government entities: High

Businesses:

Large and medium business entities: High

Small business entities: High

Home users: Low

TECHNICAL SUMMARY:

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in iOS, iPadOS, watchOS, tvOS and macOS. The most severe of these vulnerabilities could allow for arbitrary code execution. Details of these vulnerabilities are as follows:

All OS (watchOS 7.1, watchOS 6.2.9, watchOS 5.3.9, macOS Catalina 10.15.7, tvOS 14.2)

- A memory corruption issue was addressed in processing font files with improved input validation. (CVE-2020-27930)
- A memory initialization issue was addressed in the OS kernel (CVE-2020-27950)
- A type confusion issue was addressed with improved state handling in the OS kernel (CVE-2020-27932)

WatchOS 7.1, tvOS 14.2, iOS 14.2 and iPadOS 14.2

- An out-of-bounds read was addressed for audio file processing with improved input validation. (CVE-2020-27910)
- An out-of-bounds write was addressed for audio file processing with improved input validation. (CVE-2020-27916)
- An out-of-bounds write was addressed for audio file processing with improved input validation. (CVE-2020-10017)
- An out-of-bounds read was addressed for audio file processing with improved input validation. (CVE-2020-27909)
- An issue existed within the path validation logic for symlinks. This issue was addressed with improved path sanitization. (CVE-2020-10003)
- An out-of-bounds write issue was addressed in processing font files with improved bounds checking. (CVE-2020-27927)
- A logic issue was addressed with improved state management in Foundation. (CVE-2020-10002)
- An out-of-bounds write was addressed with improved input validation in ImageIO. (CVE-2020-27912)
- A memory corruption issue was addressed with improved state management in IOAcceleratorFamily (CVE-2020-27905)

- A logic issue was addressed with improved state management in the OS kernel (CVE-2020-9974)
- A memory corruption issue was addressed with improved state management in the OS kernel (CVE-2020-10016)
- A use after free issue was addressed with improved memory management in libxml2 (CVE-2020-27917)
- An integer overflow was addressed through improved input validation in libxml2 (CVE-2020-27911)
- A path handling issue was addressed with improved validation in Logging (CVE-2020-10010)
- A use after free issue was addressed with improved memory management in WebKit (CVE-2020-27918)

iOS 14.2 and iPadOS 14.2

- An issue existed in the handling of incoming calls in CallKit. The issue was addressed with additional state checks. (CVE-2020-27925)
- A person with physical access to an iOS device may be able to access stored passwords without authentication via Keyboard. (CVE-2020-27902)
- A use after free issue was addressed with improved memory management in libxml2 (CVE-2020-27926)
- A logic issue was addressed with improved state management in model I/O (CVE-2020-10004)
- An out-of-bounds read was addressed with improved input validation in model I/O (CVE-2020-13524)
- An out-of-bounds read was addressed with improved bounds checking (CVE-2020-10011)
- A use after free issue was addressed with improved memory management (CVE-2020-27918)

iOS 12.4.9

 A logic issue existed in the handling of Group FaceTime calls. The issue was addressed with improved state management. (CVE-2020-27929)

Successful exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could result in arbitrary code execution within the context of the application, an attacker gaining the same privileges as the logged-on user, or the bypassing of security restrictions. Depending on the permission associated with the application running the exploit, an attacker could then install programs; view, change, or delete data.

November 13 – UPDATED TECHNICAL SUMMARY: MacOS Big Sur 11.0.1

- This issue was addressed by removing the vulnerable code (CVE-2020-27903)
- An out-of-bounds read was addressed with improved input validation (CVE-2020-27910, CVE-2020-9965, CVE-2020-9966)
- An out-of-bounds read was addressed with improved bounds checking (CVE-2020-9943, CVE-2020-9944, CVE-2020-9876)
- Multiple integer overflows were addressed with improved input validation (CVE-2020-27906)
- A use after free issue was addressed with improved memory management (CVE-2020-9949)

- An out-of-bounds write was addressed with improved input validation (CVE-2020-9883)
- A memory corruption issue was addressed with improved state management (CVE-2020-9999, CVE-2020-13630)
- The issue was addressed with additional user controls (CVE-2020-27894)
- A logic issue existed resulting in memory corruption. This was addressed with improved state management (CVE-2020-27904)
- A routing issue was addressed with improved restrictions (CVE-2019-14899)
- A parsing issue in the handling of directory paths was addressed with improved path validation (CVE-2020-10014)
- This issue was addressed with improved checks (CVE-2020-9941, CVE-2020-9991, CVE-2020-13631, CVE-2020-13434, CVE-2020-13435, CVE-2020-9991)
- The issue was addressed with improved deletion (CVE-2020-9988, CVE-2020-9989)
- A use after free issue was addressed with improved memory management (CVE-2020-9996)
- An issue existed in the handling of snapshots. The issue was resolved with improved permissions logic (CVE-2020-27900)
- Multiple issues were addressed by updating to version 8.44 (CVE-2019-20838, CVE-2020-14155)
- A logic issue was addressed with improved state management (CVE-2020-10007)
- Multiple issues were addressed with improved logic (CVE-2020-27896)
- The issue was addressed with improved handling of icon caches (CVE-2020-9963)
- An access issue was addressed with improved access restrictions (CVE-2020-10012)
- A path handling issue was addressed with improved validation (CVE-2020-27896)
- This issue was addressed with improved checks (CVE-2020-10663)
- A spoofing issue existed in the handling of URLs. This issue was addressed with improved input validation (CVE-2020-9945)
- A validation issue existed in the entitlement verification. This issue was addressed with improved validation of the process entitlement (CVE-2020-9977)
- An access issue was addressed with additional sandbox restrictions (CVE-2020-9969)
- An information disclosure issue was addressed with improved state management (CVE-2020-9849)
- Multiple issues were addressed by updating SQLite to version 3.32.3 (CVE-2020-15358)
- A denial of service issue was addressed with improved state handling (CVE-2020-27898)
- This issue was addressed with improved entitlements (CVE-2020-10006)

RECOMMENDATIONS:

The following actions should be taken:

- Apply appropriate patches provided by Apple to vulnerable systems immediately after appropriate testing.
- Run all software as a non-privileged user (one without administrative privileges) to diminish the effects of a successful attack.
- Remind users not to download, accept, or execute files from un-trusted or unknown sources.

- Remind users not to visit untrusted websites or follow links provided by unknown or untrusted sources.
- Apply the Principle of Least Privilege to all systems and services.

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https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT201222 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211928 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211929 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211930 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211940 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211944 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211945 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT211947

CVE:

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November 13 – UPDATED REFERENCES:

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